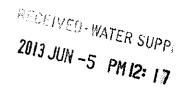
May be emailed to: Melanie. Yanklowski@msdh.state.ms.us

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTI BUREAU OF PUBLIC WA	MENT OF HEALTH 2013 JUN 18 AM 8: 35
CCR CERTIFICATION CALENDAR YEAR	MENT OF HEALTH 2013 JUN 18 AM 8: 35 N FORM N FORM Name
Public Water Supply	Name
List PWS ID #s for all Community Water S	ystems included in this CCR
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Comm Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Do system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, publish customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures of electronic delivery, we request you mail or fax a hard copy of	nunity public water system to develop and distribute a epending on the population served by the public water led in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the when distributing the CCR. Since this is the first year the CCR and Certification Form to MSDH. Please
check all boxes that apply. Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attac	h conv of nublication water hill or other)
☐ Advertisement in local paper (attach copy ☐ On water bills (attach copy of bill) ☐ Email message (MUST Email the message) ☐ Other	e to the address below)
Date(s) customers were informed:/,/	
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other demethods used	irect delivery. Must specify other direct delivery
Date Mailed/Distributed: 6/7/13	
☐ CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a cop ☐ As a URL (Provide URL ☐ As an attachment ☐ As text within the body of the email message.	
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of put	blished CCR or proof of publication)
Name of Newspaper:	
Date Published:/	•
CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)	Data Bastada / /
	Date Posted: / /
CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the	
CERTIFICATION Thereby certify that the 2012 Consumer Confidence Report (Consumer Special Properties of Manager Special Proper	following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED): CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this and that I used distribution methods allowed by his CCR is true and correct and is consistent with
CERTIFICATION Thereby certify that the 2012 Consumer Confidence Report (Consumer Conf	following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED): CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this and that I used distribution methods allowed by his CCR is true and correct and is consistent with

2012 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Sharon Water Works Association PWS#: 0340018 May 2013



We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Cathaoula and Cockfield Aquifers.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Sharon Water Works Association have received a lower to moderate ranking in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Jim Kervin at 601.425.1023. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of the month at 7:00 PM and the annual meeting is held the 2nd Tuesday of September at the Water Association at 4173 Sharon Road.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2012. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2012, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10.000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

				TEST RESU	LTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination

10. Barium	N	2012	.012	.005012	þ	om	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2009/1	1* .6	0	р	om	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2012	1.01	.581 1.01	p	om	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2009/1	1* 3	0	p	ob	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfectio 81. HAA5	n By-	Product	31 31	No Range	dqq	0			By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2012	27.3	No Range	ppb	0		80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2012	1.2	.80 – 1.8	mg/l	0	MRI	1	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2012.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", our system is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3 ppm was 12. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3 ppm was 98%.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

*****April 1, 2013 MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING*****

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 – December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has completed the monitoring requirements and is now in compliance with the Radionuclides Rule. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Walters, Director of Compliance & Enforcement, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601.576.7518.

The Sharon Water Works Association works around the clochelp us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our contents.	k to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask community, our way of life and our children's future.	that all our customers
	,	

SHARON WATER WORKS ASSOCIATION RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY

ANNUAL DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT PWS ID: 0340018 ~ June 2013

2013 JUN 18 AM 8: 35

e are pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Catahoula and Cockfield Aquifers,

The source water assessment had been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Sharon Water Works Association have received a lower to moderate ranking in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

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Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	: Contami	nants						
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14. Copper	N	2009/11*	.6	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosions of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2012	1.01	.581 - 1.01	mqq	4	4	Erosion of natural deposit; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2009/11*	3	0	ppb	0	AL≂15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits.
Disinfecti	on By-Pro	oducts						
81. HAA5	N	2012	31	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection
82, TTHM olal trihalomethanes	N	2012	27.3	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-Product of drinking water chlorination
Chlorine	N	2012	1.2	.80 - 1.8	mg/l	0	MRDL= 4	Water additive used to control microbes

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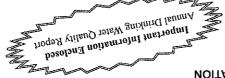
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****APRIL 1, 2013 A MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING****

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radio nuclides beginning January 2007 - December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological health laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radionlogical compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inacton by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has completed the monitoring requirements and is now in compliance with the Radio nuclides Rule. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Walters, Director of Compliance & Enforcement, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601.576.7518.

The Sharon Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

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2013 JUN 18 AM 8: 35 United States Postal Service Post Office: Note Mail Arrival Date & Time (Do Not Round-Stamp) Postage Statement - Standard Mail Permit Holder's Name and Address Telephone Name and Address of elephone Name and Address of Individual or and Email Address, if Any Mailing Agent (If other Organization for Which Mailing is Prepared 601-268-1853 601-268-1853 than permit holder) (If other than permit holder) MAILING PLACE, INC. MAILING PLACE, INC SHARON WATER WORKS SUSAN HAIGLER SUSAN HAIGLER ASSOCIATION 2059 Oak Grove Rd 2059 Oak Grove Rd SUSAN HAIGLER Hattiesburg, MS 39402-1476 Hattiesburg, MS 39402-1476 4173 SHARON RD MAIL@MAILINGPLACE.COM LAUREL, MS 39443 CAPS Cust. Ref. No. 20341 4235997 4235997 Processing Category Post Office of Mailing Mailer's Mailing Federal Agency Cost Code Statement Seq. No No, and Type of Containers Hattiesburg ☐ Catalogs X Letters Date N/A 105848 () Sacks 39402-1476 □ Flats Jun 07, 2013 3 1 ft. Letter Trays ☐ Marketing Parcets Weight of a Single Piece Combined Mailing Total # of Pieces in Permit Imprint Parcels - Machinable Type of Mailing 1 2 ft. Letter Trays Type of Precanceled Postage Stamps 0.0125 pounds Mixed Class Parcels - Irregular 957 Mailing O EMM Letter Trays ☐ CMM Total Weight Single Class Metered 11.9625 O Flat Trays ermit # For Mail Enclosed within Another Class Periodicals Mailpiece is a 219 O Pailets Bound Printed Library Media Mail Mail product sample ☐ Matter ☐ Parcel Post % samples () Other For Automation Pieces, Enter Date of Address For Carrier Route Pieces, Enter Date of Address For Carrier Route Pieces, Enter Date of For Pieces Bearing a Simplified Address Enter Date Matching and Coding Matching and Coding 06/07/2013 Carrier Route Sequencing of Delivery Statistics File or Alternative Method 06/07/2013 Ancillary Service Endorsement I'I NCOA tunk Alternative Method ACS Move Update Method: Multiple n/a Alternative Address Format ☐ OneCode ACS Parts Completed (Select all that apply) XIA XIB □C OF OG OH OL OM OS L NSA Letter-size or flat mailpiece contains DVD/CD or other disk Subtotal Postage (Add Parts Totals) \$197.33 Price at Which Postage Affixed (Check one). Complete if the mailing includes pieces bearing metered/PC Postage or precanceled stamps.

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